

No. 17-6231

IN THE
Supreme Court of the United States

-----◆-----
David Dove,
Petitioner,

v.

State of Louisiana,
Respondent.

-----◆-----
On Petition For Writ Of Certiorari
To The Louisiana Court Of Appeal

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**BRIEF OF JUVENILE LAW CENTER AND THE
LOUISIANA CENTER FOR CHILDREN'S
RIGHTS AS AMICI CURIAE IN SUPPORT OF
PETITIONER**

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES..... ii

INTEREST OF AMICI.....1

SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT.....2

ARGUMENT3

 I. LOUISIANA’S ROUTINE IMPOSITION
 OF LIFE WITHOUT PAROLE
 SENTENCES ON JUVENILE
 OFFENDERS FOLLOWING *MILLER V.
 ALABAMA* DEMONSTRATES THE NEED
 FOR A CATEGORICAL BAR ON THIS
 SENTENCE3

 A. *Miller v. Alabama* And *Montgomery v.
 Louisiana* Establish A Presumption
 Against Juvenile Life Without Parole
 Sentences3

 B. The Most Common Sentence For A
 Juvenile Offender Convicted Of Murder
 In Louisiana Is Life Without Parole5

 C. Louisiana’s Persistent Use Of Life
 Without Parole Sentences
 Disproportionately Punishes African-
 American Children12

CONCLUSION14

APPENDIX A: 1A

APPENDIX B: *Montgomery*-Eligible
Defendants in Louisiana 4A

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	Page(s)
Cases	
<i>Adams v. Alabama</i> , 136 S. Ct. 1796 (2016).....	5
<i>Bosworth v. Whitley</i> , 627 So. 2d 629 (La. 1993).....	7
<i>Buck v. Davis</i> , 137 S. Ct. 759 (2017).....	14
<i>Commonwealth v. Batts</i> , 163 A.3d 410 (Pa. 2017)	10
<i>Diatchenko v. Dist. Atty</i> , 1 N.E.3d 270 (Mass. 2013).....	11
<i>Funchess v. Prince</i> , No. 142105, 2016 WL 756530 (E.D. La. Feb. 25, 2016)	8
<i>Graham v. Florida</i> , 560 U.S. 48 (2010).....	3, 4
<i>Miller v. Alabama</i> , 567 U.S. 460 (2012).....	3, 4, 6, 7
<i>Montgomery v. Alabama</i> , 136 S. Ct. 718 (2016).....	3, 4
<i>Pena-Rodriguez v. Colorado</i> , 137 S. Ct. 855 (2017).....	14

<i>Roper v. Simmons</i> , 543 U.S. 551 (2005).....	3
<i>State v. Bassett</i> , 394 P.3d 430 (Wash. Ct. App. 2017).....	11
<i>State v. Hart</i> , 404 S.W.3d 232 (Mo. 2013) (en banc)	10
<i>State v. Riley</i> , 110 A.3d 1205 (Conn. 2015).....	10
<i>State v. Seats</i> , 865 N.W.2d 545 (Iowa 2015).....	10
<i>State v. Sweet</i> , 879 N.W. 2d 811 (Iowa 2016).....	11
<i>State v. Tate</i> , 130 So.3d 829 (La. 2013).....	6
<i>Tatum v. Arizona</i> , 137 S. Ct. 11 (2016).....	5, 9
Statutes	
Act 277, 2017 La. Acts ____	7
Act. 280, 2017 La. Acts ____	8
ALASKA STAT. ANN. § 12.55.125 (2016)	11
ARK. CODE ANN. § 5-4-108 (2017).....	11
COLO., REV. STAT. § 17-22.5-104 (2006)	11
COLO., REV. STAT. § 18-1.3-401 (2006)	11

CONN. GEN. STAT. § 54-125 (2015) 11

D.C. CODE § 22-2104 (20013) 11

HAW. REV. STAT. § 706-656 (2014) 11

KAN. STAT. ANN. § 21-6618 (2011) 11

KY. REV. STAT. ANN. § 640.040 (1998) 11

LA. CODE CRIM. PROC. ANN. art. 878.1 (2013).....6

MONT. CODE. ANN. § 46-18-222 (2017)..... 11

N.D. CENT. CODE § 12.1-32-13.1 11

NEV. REV. STAT. § 176.025 (2015) 11

S.D. CODIFIED LAWS § 22-6-1 (2016) 11

TEX. PENAL CODE ANN. § 12.31 (2013)..... 11

UTAH CODE ANN. § 76-3-209 (2016) 11

VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 13, § 7045 (2015) 11

W.VA. CODE § 61-11-23 (2014) 11

WYO. STAT. ANN. § 6-2-101 (2013)..... 11

Other Authorities

The Campaign for the Fair Sentencing of
 Youth, *Righting Wrongs: The Five-Year
 Groundswell of State Bans on Life
 without Parole for Children 4* (2016)..... 11

John R. Mills et al., <i>Juvenile Life Without Parole in Law and Practice: Chronicling the Rapid Change Underway</i> , 65 AM. U. L. REV. 535 (2016)	12
Ken Daley, <i>Life Without Parole for New Orleans Man Convicted of Killing at 15</i> , THE TIMES-PICAYUNE (New Orleans), Mar. 10, 2016, http://www.nola.com/crime/index.ssf/2016/03/life_without_parole_for_new_or.htm l (last accessed October 31, 2017).....	7
Marcus M. Kondkar, <i>Incarceration in Louisiana: Sentencing Patterns in America's Prison Capital</i> . A Report for Vital Projects Fund. October 14, 2016	12
S.B. 139, 2017 Reg. Sess. (La. 2017).....	8
S.B. 16, 2017 Reg. Sess. (La. 2017).....	7
S.B. 394, 2017 Reg. Sess. (Cal. 2017)	11
U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2015) available at: https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS_15_5YR_B02001&prodType=table (last visited October 31, 2017).....	12

INTEREST OF AMICI¹

Juvenile Law Center, founded in 1975, is the oldest public interest law firm for children in the United States. Juvenile Law Center advocates on behalf of youth in the child welfare and criminal and juvenile justice systems to promote fairness, prevent harm, and ensure access to appropriate services. Among other things, Juvenile Law Center works to ensure that children's rights to due process are protected at all stages of juvenile court proceedings, from arrest through disposition, from post-disposition through appeal, and that the juvenile and adult criminal justice systems consider the unique developmental differences between youth and adults in enforcing these rights.

The **Louisiana Center for Children's Rights** ("LCCR") is the only statewide, non-profit advocacy organization focused on reform of the juvenile justice system in Louisiana. LCCR is the public defender for children arrested and prosecuted in New Orleans. Statewide, LCCR works to promote and protect the rights of all children in Louisiana's juvenile and adult justice systems with a particular focus on educating system actors on the developmental differences between children and adults. In an effort to ensure Louisiana's adherence to the mandates and

¹ Pursuant to Rule 37.2 counsel of record received timely notice of the intent to file this brief and the consent of counsel for all parties is on file with this Court. Pursuant to Rule 37.6, no counsel for a party authored this brief in whole or in part. No person or entity, other than *Amici*, their members, or their counsel made a monetary contribution for the preparation or submission of this brief.

principles set out in this Court's precedents relating to children, LCCR provides training and support to Louisiana litigators and tracks the proceedings and outcomes in all cases in which a child may be subject to a life without parole sentence.

SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

Louisiana has resisted this Court's mandates in *Miller v. Alabama* and *Montgomery v. Louisiana* and the subsequent nationwide trend against juvenile life without parole sentences. Although the Louisiana legislature enacted some legislative reform in the wake of these rulings, in practice, the state has failed to comply with this Court's repeated exhortations that a life without parole sentence be reserved only for the "rare" and "uncommon" child offender who is "permanently incorrigible." *Montgomery v. Louisiana*, 136 S. Ct. 718, 734 (2016). Louisiana continues to sentence children to life without parole at a rate that exceeds that permissible by law and in ways that disproportionately impact children of color. Louisiana's failure to meaningfully implement this Court's rulings demonstrates the need to bar juvenile life without parole sentences.

The instant case is emblematic of Louisiana's refusal to heed this Court's directives. David Dove received the most common sentence for juvenile offenders convicted of murder in Louisiana: life without the possibility of parole. Far from comporting with the "exacting limits the Eighth Amendment imposes" on sentencing children to this harshest punishment, *Adams v. Alabama*, 136 S. Ct. 1796, 1799 (2016) (Sotomayor, J. concurring) (mem.), child offenders convicted of murder today in Louisiana are

more likely than not to receive a life without parole sentence. Appendix A: *Miller* Defendants in Louisiana. Moreover, Dove, like 88% of Louisiana's juvenile defendants sentenced to life without parole after *Miller*, received the harshest penalty for the least aggravated murder under Louisiana law. Finally, Louisiana's persistent practice of sentencing children to life without parole sentences disproportionately punishes African-American youth. Dove is among the 92% of child-recipients of this harshest penalty in Louisiana post-*Miller* who are African-American.

ARGUMENT

I. LOUISIANA'S ROUTINE IMPOSITION OF LIFE WITHOUT PAROLE SENTENCES ON JUVENILE OFFENDERS FOLLOWING *MILLER V. ALABAMA* DEMONSTRATES THE NEED FOR A CATEGORICAL BAR ON THIS SENTENCE

A. *Miller v. Alabama* And *Montgomery v. Louisiana* Establish A Presumption Against Juvenile Life Without Parole Sentences

This Court has consistently recognized that children are fundamentally different from adults and categorically less deserving of the harshest punishments. *Miller v. Alabama*, 567 U.S. 460 (2012); *Graham v. Florida*, 560 U.S. 48 (2010); *Roper v. Simmons*, 543 U.S. 551 (2005). *See also Montgomery v. Alabama*, 136 S. Ct. 718 (2016). In *Graham*, this Court found that juveniles could not be

sentenced to mandatory life sentences without the possibility of parole for nonhomicide offenses. 560 U.S. at 81 (citing *Roper v. Simmons*, 543 U.S. at 572). The Court expanded on this in *Miller v. Alabama*, banning mandatory life without parole sentences for juvenile homicide offenders. 567 U.S. at 480. *Miller* found that, “given all we have said in *Roper*, *Graham*, and this decision about children’s diminished culpability and heightened capacity for change, we think appropriate occasions for sentencing juveniles to this harshest possible penalty [life without parole] will be *uncommon*.” *Id.* at 479 (emphasis added).

This Court’s most recent jurisprudence builds on its reasoning in *Miller*, *Graham*, and *Roper*, making clear that this harshest punishment for children should be exceptionally rare. In *Montgomery v. Louisiana*, this Court held that the rule in *Miller* was a substantive, categorical ban on life without parole for nearly all child offenders:

Because *Miller* determined that sentencing a child to life without parole is excessive for all but “the rare juvenile offender whose crime reflects irreparable corruption,” it rendered life without parole an unconstitutional penalty for “a class of defendants because of their status”—that is, juvenile offenders whose crimes reflect the transient immaturity of youth.

Montgomery, 136 S. Ct. at 734 (first quoting *Miller*, 567 U.S. at 479, then quoting *Penry v. Lynaugh*, 492

U.S. 302, 330 (1989), *abrogated on other grounds by Atkins v. Virginia*, 536 U.S. 304 (2002)).

Recent remands from this Court have underscored this view, clarifying that even the “gruesomeness of a crime is not sufficient” to conclude a defendant is the rare child offender who can constitutionally receive the harshest punishment. *Adams v. Alabama*, 136 S. Ct. 1796, 1800 (2016) (Sotomayor, J., concurring) (mem.). Youth alone shall be the “dispositive consideration” for the vast majority of youth—requiring a finding that the conduct was a reflection of “transient immaturity” or “irreparable corruption” prior to the imposition of a life without parole sentence. *Id.*; see also *Tatum v. Arizona*, 137 S. Ct. 11 (2016) (Sotomayor, J., concurring) (mem.).

This Court’s jurisprudence makes clear that the overwhelming majority of children, including those convicted of the worst crimes, cannot constitutionally receive a life sentence without the possibility of parole. This legal rule has been flouted in Louisiana: since *Miller*, the majority of children convicted of murder have received life without parole sentences. Appendix A.

B. The Most Common Sentence For A Juvenile Offender Convicted Of Murder In Louisiana Is Life Without Parole

Despite repeated instructions from this Court regarding the narrow circumstances that might justify sentencing children to life in prison without parole, children convicted of murder today in Louisiana are more likely than not to receive that sentence. Following *Miller*, the Louisiana legislature

enacted Louisiana Code of Criminal Procedure article 878.1, guaranteeing a sentencing hearing for juvenile offenders convicted of first or second degree murder. The article instructed, “Sentences imposed without parole eligibility should normally be reserved for the worst offenders and the worst cases.” LA. CODE CRIM. PROC. ANN. art. 878.1(B) (2013), *amended by* Act of Aug. 1, 2017, No. 277 § 2. But, failing to make this reform retroactive, Louisiana remained home to one of the highest numbers of children serving the sentence in the country.² *See State v. Tate*, 130 So.3d 829, 842 (La. 2013) (holding *Miller v. Alabama* does not apply retroactively), *abrogated by Montgomery v. Louisiana*, 136 S. Ct. 718 (2016). Children convicted of murder in Louisiana after *Miller* were subject to a sentencing hearing under article 878.1. Those hearings have not resulted in only the “rare juvenile offender whose crime reflects irreparable corruption” receiving the sentence. *Miller*, 567 U.S. at 479-80. Since *Miller*, 62% of children convicted of murder have received a life without parole sentence.³ Appendix A.

² JOSHUA ROVNER, THE SENTENCING PROJECT, SLOW TO ACT: STATE RESPONSES TO 2012 SUPREME COURT MANDATE ON LIFE WITHOUT PAROLE 3 (2014). (finding that just five states accounted for two-thirds of juvenile life without parole sentences: Louisiana, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Florida and California).

³ LWOP sentences have been disproportionately imposed regardless of the age of the individual convicted of murder. Children who were 15, 16 or 17 years old at the time of the offense were all more likely than not to receive a LWOP sentence following a murder conviction. Appendix A.

Significantly, 88% of children⁴ sentenced to life without parole since *Miller* were convicted of second degree murder, which is not the “worst” crime in the penal code. *Id.*

Following this Court’s decision in *Montgomery*, the Louisiana legislature amended article 878.1 to prohibit the future imposition of any life without parole sentence for children convicted of second degree murder. However, the legislature retained the discretionary imposition of a life without parole sentence for children convicted of first and second degree murder who were indicted prior to August 1, 2017. S.B. 16, 2017 Reg. Sess. (La. 2017); Act 277, 2017 La. Acts ____. The amended article required district attorneys to provide notice of their intent to seek life without parole sentences against children indicted prior to August 1st by October 31, 2017, which indicates their intention to heed this Court’s rulings.

When *Montgomery* was decided, 258⁵ men and women were serving life without parole sentences for

⁴ Among these children is Jeremy Burse, a 15 year-old sentenced to JLWOP for killing his 16 year old friend during their attempt to rob a security guard. Jeremy’s single bullet fired during the attempted robbery ricocheted, killing his friend. Ken Daley, *Life Without Parole for New Orleans Man Convicted of Killing at 15*, THE TIMES-PICAYUNE (New Orleans), Mar. 10, 2016, http://www.nola.com/crime/index.ssf/2016/03/life_without_parole_for_new_or.html (last accessed October 31, 2017).

⁵ This number does not include the men who were originally sentenced to life with parole eligibility after 20 or 40 years. When *Montgomery* came down, their sentences operated by law in Louisiana as life without parole sentences. See *Bosworth v. Whitley*, 627 So. 2d 629 (La. 1993) (finding Louisiana two-step parole process constitutional, a system in which a defendant

crimes they committed when they were children. Today, at least 81 defendants—or 31% of the eligible population—now face a new life without parole sentence or have already received the sentence. Appendix B: *Montgomery*-Eligible Defendants in Louisiana.⁶ 65% of those 81 defendants were convicted of second degree murder. *Id.*

The State of Louisiana has made clear its resistance to this Court’s directives in *Roper*, *Graham*, *Miller* and *Montgomery* and has refused to shift course. The state has already imposed life without parole sentences on 62% of children convicted of murder since *Miller* and today intends to seek the sentence on another 31% of eligible

must both have a sentence making him parole eligible and be eligible for parole consideration under the relevant parole statutes); *see also Funchess v. Prince*, No. 142105, 2016 WL 756530 (E.D. La. Feb. 25, 2016) (finding that a Montgomery-eligible defendant sentenced to life with parole after 40 years was entitled to relief because Louisiana’s two-step parole process prohibits a ‘meaningful opportunity for release’ for such a sentence). The 2017 legislative session amended that law making those individuals parole eligible. S.B. 139, 2017 Reg. Sess. (La. 2017); Act. 280, 2017 La. Acts ____. Because these individuals never received an actual life without parole sentence under the law, they are not eligible for a life without parole sentence in resentencing and thus no notice could be filed against them.

⁶ Following this Court’s decision in *Montgomery*, some resentencing hearings took place. When the new law went into effect on August 1, 2017, there were 181 individuals that had yet to receive relief and were entitled to resentencing. At least 42% of the remaining individuals have received notice that the state intends to seek a life without parole sentence in their case. Appendix B.

defendants.⁷ In some judicial districts, district attorneys have given notice of their intent to seek life without parole sentences on all or nearly all of the *Montgomery*-eligible defendants. In West Baton Rouge, for example, the district attorney is seeking the sentence against all four eligible defendants; in Calcasieu Parish, the district attorney is doing so in seven of its nine cases. *Id.* In two districts with some of the largest *Montgomery*-eligible populations, district attorneys are seeking the sentence anew in alarming numbers. In Orleans Parish, the state has filed notices in at least 26 of their 67 cases, 39%⁸, and in Jefferson Parish, the district attorney has filed notices in ten of their 23 cases, or 43%. *Id.* These numbers make plain that Louisiana has ignored the instructions and intent of this Court's jurisprudence to impose this sentence only on the "rare" and "uncommon" juvenile offender.

The state's intention to seek life without parole sentences is particularly concerning given that Louisiana has not developed meaningful procedural protections for children facing life without parole sentences. There are no provisions in Louisiana law that comport with relevant orders from this Court regarding the appropriate factual findings prior to imposing life without parole. *See Tatum*, 137 S. Ct.

⁷ It is unclear how many cases the district attorneys opposed prior to the new legislation. 43% of individuals who were awaiting resentencing throughout Louisiana when the new law went into effect on August 1st, will now face new life without parole sentences.

⁸ 58% of individuals who were awaiting resentencing in Orleans Parish when the new law went into effect on August 1st will now face new life without parole sentences.

at 13 (Sotomayor, J. concurring) (mem.) (requiring that a sentence “decide whether the juvenile offender before it is a child ‘whose crimes reflect transient immaturity’ or is one of ‘those rare children whose crimes reflect irreparable corruption’ for whom a life without parole sentence may be appropriate.” (citing *Montgomery*, 136 S. Ct. at 734)).

Moreover, unlike rules developed in other states, Louisiana’s law does not establish a presumption against life without parole. *See, e.g., Commonwealth v. Batts*, 163 A.3d 410, 416 (Pa. 2017); *State v. Riley*, 110 A.3d 1205, 1214 (Conn. 2015), *cert. denied*, 136 S. Ct. 1361 (2016); *State v. Seats*, 865 N.W.2d 545, 555 (Iowa 2015); *State v. Hart*, 404 S.W.3d 232, 241 (Mo. 2013) (en banc). The law also does not clarify the burdens of proof relevant at a sentencing hearing. *See Batts*, 163 A.3d at 455 (concluding that “to overcome the presumption against the imposition of a sentence of life without parole for a juvenile offender, the Commonwealth must prove that the juvenile is constitutionally eligible for the sentence beyond a reasonable doubt.”); *Riley*, 110 A.3d at 1214 (finding “the mitigating factors of youth establish, in effect, a presumption against imposing a life sentence without parole on a juvenile offender that must be overcome by evidence of unusual circumstances.”); *Seats*, 865 N.W.2d at 555 (“[T]he presumption for any sentencing judge is that the judge should sentence juveniles to life in prison with the possibility of parole for murder unless the other factors require a different sentence.”); *Hart*, 404 S.W.3d at 241 (“[A] juvenile offender cannot be sentenced to life without parole for first-degree murder unless the state persuades the sentencer

beyond a reasonable doubt that this sentence is just and appropriate under all the circumstances.”). Without these procedural protections in place, the district attorneys’ intention to seek a life without parole sentence is more likely to be determinative.

Louisiana is out of step with the practices of other jurisdictions, having failed to meaningfully narrow the class of children for whom the sentence is constitutionally acceptable. Louisiana’s recent attempt to comply with this Court’s rulings through legislation is superficial at best. Further action from this Court is required to remove the likelihood that many more than the “rare” and “uncommon” child will be sentenced to die in prison.⁹

⁹ Twenty states and the District of Columbia have judicially or legislatively determined that meaningful implementation of this Court’s rulings requires abolition of juvenile life without parole sentences. ALASKA STAT. ANN. § 12.55.125 (2016); ARK. CODE ANN. § 5-4-108 (2017); S.B. 394, 2017 Reg. Sess. (Cal. 2017); COLO., REV. STAT. §§ 17-22.5-104(IV), 18-1.3-401(4)(b)(1) (2006); CONN. GEN. STAT. § 54-125a(f) (2015); D.C. CODE § 22-2104(a) (20013); HAW. REV. STAT. § 706-656(1) (2014); *State v. Sweet*, 879 N.W. 2d 811 (Iowa 2016); KAN. STAT. ANN. § 21-6618 (2011); KY. REV. STAT. ANN. § 640.040(1) (1998); *Diatchenko v. Dist. Atty*, 1 N.E.3d 270, 286-87 (Mass. 2013); MONT. CODE ANN. § 46-18-222(1) (2017); NEV. REV. STAT. § 176.025 (2015); N.D. CENT. CODE § 12.1-32-13.1; S.D. CODIFIED LAWS § 22-6-1 (2016); TEX. PENAL CODE ANN. § 12.31 (2013); UTAH CODE ANN. § 76-3-209 (2016); VT. STAT. ANN. tit. 13, § 7045 (2015); *State v. Bassett*, 394 P.3d 430, 432 (Wash. Ct. App. 2017), *review granted*, 402 P.3d 827 (Wash. Oct. 4, 2017); W.VA. CODE § 61-11-23(a) (2014); WYO. STAT. ANN. § 6-2-101(b) (2013). *See also* The Campaign for the Fair Sentencing of Youth, *Righting Wrongs: The Five-Year Groundswell of State Bans on Life without Parole for Children* 4 (2016), <http://fairsentencingofyouth.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/Righting-Wrongs-.pdf>. (finding that an

C. Louisiana’s Persistent Use Of Life Without Parole Sentences Disproportionately Punishes African-American Children

African-Americans make up 32% of Louisiana’s population.¹⁰ African-Americans are disproportionately represented in Louisiana’s overall prison population, accounting for 68% of all prisoners and 74% of all prisoners serving life sentences.¹¹ Data collected since *Miller* suggest that being an African-American **child** further increases one’s risk of harsh punishment: 92% of children sentenced to life without parole in Louisiana since *Miller* are African-American.¹² Appendix A.

additional four states—California, Florida, New York, and New Jersey—ban the practice in nearly all cases and three states—Maine, New Mexico, and Rhode Island—have never sentenced a juvenile to life without parole.

¹⁰ U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2015) *available at*: https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS_15_5YR_B02001&prodType=table (last visited October 31, 2017).

¹¹ Marcus M. Kondkar, *Incarceration in Louisiana: Sentencing Patterns in America’s Prison Capital*. A Report for Vital Projects Fund. October 14, 2016.

¹² National data, while less severe than the disparity discussed here, supports the idea that African-American children bear and outsized portion of juvenile LWOP sentences. John R. Mills et al., *Juvenile Life Without Parole in Law and Practice: Chronicling the Rapid Change Underway*, 65 AM. U. L. REV. 535, 576 (2016) (“JLWOP sentences are imposed upon African American juveniles in disproportion to their homicide arrest rate: African American juveniles make up fifty-six percent of

Recent legislative changes may simply continue these disparities. As of this filing, 75% of the *Montgomery*-eligible cases where the state is seeking a new life without parole sentence involve African-American defendants. Appendix B. In some jurisdictions, the disproportionate application of the sentence is even more stark. In the 23rd Judicial District¹³, for example, there are five *Montgomery*-eligible defendants. Four of these five individuals are African-American. The state intends to seek life without parole sentences against all four African-American defendants, but not the single white defendant in the jurisdiction.¹⁴ *Id.*

Miller and *Montgomery* made clear that the ultimate punishment for children should be reserved for the “rare,” “uncommon” and “irreparably corrupt” child. Louisiana’s racially disproportionate imposition of the sentence exposes its failure to apply justice equally. Just as the imposition of life without parole on 62% of children convicted of murder cannot be characterized as “rare,” the fact that nearly all of those 62% of youth homicides involve convictions of African-Americans similarly cannot pass that “rare” threshold.

The racial disparity present here casts a long

the individuals arrested for murder and non-negligent homicide and sixty-six percent of the individuals sentenced to JLWOP.”)

¹³ The 23rd Judicial District is made up of the parishes of Ascension, Assumption and St. James.

¹⁴ Post-*Miller* data in Louisiana suggest that race of the defendant is not the only factor in predicting the sentencing outcome for children convicted of murder. In the period since *Miller* until today, cases in which the victim was white resulted in a life without parole sentence 88% of the time. Appendix A.

shadow over this nation's commitment to equal justice. This Court has expressed concern about the role of race in our criminal justice system, noting the "imperative to purge racial prejudice from the administration of justice." *See, e.g., Pena-Rodriguez v. Colorado*, 137 S. Ct. 855, 867 (2017) ("It must become the heritage of our Nation to rise above racial classifications that are so inconsistent with our commitment to the equal dignity of all persons."); *Buck v. Davis*, 137 S. Ct. 759, 778 (2017) ("Discrimination on the basis of race, odious in all aspects, is especially pernicious in the administration of justice."(quoting *Rose v. Mitchell*, 443 U. S. 545, 555 (1979))).

David Dove's petition provides an opportunity for this Court to address—and forbid—the disproportionate treatment of African-American youth in the implementation of its recent sentencing decisions.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, *amici* respectfully request that this Court grant the petition for a *writ of certiorari*.

15

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APPENDIX A: *Miller* Defendants in Louisiana¹

<u>Offender</u>	<u>Age at Offense</u>	<u>Murder Conviction</u>	<u>Sentence Received</u>	<u>Race of Defendant</u>	<u>Race of Victim(s)</u>
1. Antonio Smith ²	17	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	White
2. Aquendus Walker	17	1 st Deg.	LWP	Black	Black
3. Arnold Ross	17	2 nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black
4. Brandon Boyd	17	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
5. Breonne Whitaker	17	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
6. Charles Carter ³	16	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
7. Chattley Chesterfield	17	2 nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black
8. Cody Smoot	17	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
9. Dajuan Alridge	17	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
10. Dalton Fletcher	15	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	White	White; White
11. D'Andre Senegal	17	1 st Deg.	LWP	Black	Black; Black
12. Darrius Williams ⁴	17	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
13. David Dove	16	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
14. Demond Sandifer	16	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black; Black
15. Dexter Allen	17	2 nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	White; White

¹ The Louisiana Center for Children's Rights tracks the outcomes of homicide cases involving juvenile defendants statewide. This data is consistent with information provided by the Louisiana Department of Corrections ("DOC"), except where indicated and an alternative source of information is cited.

² Not included on DOC list. Lisa Addison, *Sulfur Teen Sentenced for 2016 Stabbing*, AMERICAN PRESS (Lake Charles, La.), Sep. 30, 2017, http://www.americanpress.com/news/crime/sulphur-teen-sentenced-for-stabbing/article_7084bd26-a606-11e7-ae6-bf39bde36ade.html.

³ Charles Carter was sentenced to life with parole and three 104-year sentences to run consecutively. For that reason, his sentence is categorized as life without parole.

⁴ Not included on DOC list. Maya Lau, *Killers of Baby Boy Serving Life Sentences*, SHREVEPORT TIMES, Nov. 30, 2014, <http://www.shreveporttimes.com/story/news/local/2014/11/30/catching/19707107/>.

16. Dominique Davis ⁵	16	2nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black; Black; Hispanic; Unknown
17. Elijah Robinson	16	1st Deg.	LWP	Black	Black
18. G'Quan Baker	16	2nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black; Unknown; Unknown;
19. JaMichael Hudson	15	2nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	White; Black
20. Jared Graham ⁶	16	2nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black
21. Jeremy Brooks ⁷	17	2nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
22. Jeremy Burse	15	2nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
23. Jordan Tate	17	2nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
24. Joseph Morgan ⁸	16	2nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black
25. Joshua Brooks ⁹	16	2nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
26. Kendall Harrison	17	2nd Deg.	LWP	Black	White
27. Kevin Francis ¹⁰	16	1st Deg.	LWOP	Black	White
28. Leron Calloway	17	1st Deg.	LWOP	Black	White
29. Michael Williams ¹¹	16	2nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black
30. Michael Louding	17	1st Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
31. Milton Wilson	17	2nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Hispanic
32. Paris Smith	16	2nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black

⁵ Not included on DOC list. Paul Purpura, *Terrytown Child Killer Sentenced Again to Four Life Sentences for 'Pure Carnage,'* THE TIMES-PICAYUNE (New Orleans), Oct. 29, 2014, http://www.nola.com/crime/index.ssf/2014/10/terrytown_child_killer_sentenc.html.

⁶ Not included on DOC list. *State v. Graham*, 171 So. 3d 272, 2014 1769 (La.App 1 Cir. 04/24/15).

⁷ Not included on DOC list. *State v. Brooks*, 139 So. 3d 571, 49,033 (La.App. 2 Cir. 05/07/14).

⁸ Not included on DOC list. John Simerman, *Orleans Judge Rules Out Giving Life Sentences Without Shot at Parole for Juvenile Killers,* THE NEW ORLEANS ADVOCATE, Feb. 9, 2017, http://www.theadvocate.com/new_orleans/news/courts/article_4f813ca4-eee5-11e6-a40d-575931896d3c.html.

⁹ Not included on DOC list. Joshua Brooks was sentenced to 60 years without parole. This is not a legally-available sentence in Louisiana and for that reason, it is categorized as life without parole. *State v. Brooks*, 139 So. 3d 1072, 49,024 (La.App. 2 Cir. 05/14/14).

¹⁰ Not included on DOC list. *State v. Francis*, 98 So. 3d 439, 12,326 (La.App. 3 Cir. 10/3/12).

¹¹ Not included on DOC list. *State v. Williams*, 106 So. 3d 1090, 12,355 (La.App. 5 Cir. 12/11/12).

33.	Paul Jones ¹²	16	2nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black
34.	Sam Newman	16	2nd Deg.	LWOP	Black	Black; Black
35.	Steven Williams	17	2nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black
36.	Tory Clark	15	2nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black
37.	Tremond Thomas ¹³	15	2nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black
38.	Trevor Reese	16	2nd Deg.	LWOP	White	White
39.	Willie Jones	17	2nd Deg.	LWP	Black	Black

¹² Not included on DOC list. Paul Jones and Jeremy Brooks were co-defendants who both received a sentence of 60 years without parole. Paul Jones' sentence is similarly categorized as life without parole. *State v. Jones*, 166 So. 3d 406, 49,830 (La.App. 2 Cir. 05/20/15).

¹³ Not included on DOC list. *State v. Thomas*, 201 So. 3d 263, 50,929 (La.App. 2 Cir. 08/10/16).

APPENDIX B: *Montgomery*-Eligible Defendants in Louisiana¹

	<u>Defendant</u>	<u>Age at Offense</u>	<u>Murder Conviction</u>	<u>Parish</u>	<u>Notice Filed?</u>	<u>Race</u>	<u>New Sentence</u>
1.	David Adams	16	1st Deg.	Orleans	No	B	
2.	Kyle Alexander	15	2d Deg.	Assumption	Yes	B	
3.	Curt Alonzo	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ²
4.	Ronald Anderson	16	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
5.	Shawn Arcement	17	2d Deg.	Lafourche	No	B	
6.	Brian Archuleta	17	2d Deg.	Washington	No	W	
7.	Edward Arrington	17	2d Deg.	St. Tammany	No	B	
8.	Xavier Artis	16	2d Deg.	Calcasieu	No	B	
9.	Ashley Baker	17	2d Deg.	Ouachita		B	LWP ³
10.	Darron Baker	16	2d Deg.	Ouachita	No	B	
11.	Dwayne Baker	17	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	B	
12.	Robert Bates	17	1st Deg.	Jefferson	Yes	B	
13.	Danny Battaglia	15	2d Deg.	St. Mary	Yes	W	
14.	Helen Beck	17	2d Deg.	Morehouse		B	LWP ⁴
15.	Michelle Benjamin	16	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁵

¹ The Louisiana Center for Children's Rights tracks the outcomes of homicide cases involving juvenile defendants statewide, including those eligible for relief under *Montgomery v. Louisiana*. This appendix does not include the men who were originally sentenced to life with parole eligibility after 20 or 40 years. When *Montgomery* came down, their sentences operated by law in Louisiana as life without parole sentences. See *Bosworth v. Whitley*, 627 So. 2d 629 (La. 1993) (finding Louisiana two-step parole process constitutional, a system in which a defendant must both have a sentence making him parole eligible and be eligible for parole *consideration* under the relevant parole statutes); see also *Funchess v. Prince*, No. 142105, 2016 WL 756530 (E.D. La. Feb. 25, 2016) (finding that a *Montgomery*-eligible defendant sentenced to life with parole after 40 years was entitled to relief because Louisiana's two-step parole process prohibits a 'meaningful opportunity for release' for such a sentence). The 2017 legislative session amended that law making those individuals parole eligible. S.B. 139, 2017 Reg. Sess. (La. 2017); Act. No. 280, 2017 La. Acts ____. Because these individuals never received an actual life without parole sentence under the law, they are not eligible for a life without parole sentence in resentencing and thus no notice could be filed against them.

² Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

³ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

⁴ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

16. Ramus Benoit	17	1st Deg.	Calcasieu		W	21 yrs. ⁶
17. Paul Bergeron	16	2d Deg.	Pointe Coupee	Yes	W	
18. Kirby Boothe	17	2d Deg.	Catahoula		W	LWP ⁷
19. James Bowie	16	Unk.	Ouachita	Unk.	W	
20. Clifford Braud	15	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
21. Roy Bridgewater	17	1st Deg.	Jefferson	Yes	B	
22. Donald Brooks	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁸
23. Carlton Brooks	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁹
24. Eric Brown	16	2d Deg.	Jefferson	Yes	B	
25. Tyrone Brown	16	2d Deg.	Bossier		B	LWP ¹⁰
26. Charles Brown	17	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
27. Joe Brown	16	1st Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
28. Chedrick Brumfield	17	2d Deg.	St. Tammany	No	B	
29. Taurus Buchanon	16	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
30. Nivaldo Bueno	17	1st Deg.	Orleans		L	LWP ¹¹
31. Field Calhoun	17	1st Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ¹²
32. Willie E. Campbell	17	2d Deg.	Calcasieu	Yes	B	
33. Haywood Campbell	17	2d Deg.	Calcasieu	Yes	B	
34. Corey Carroll	17	2d Deg.	Calcasieu	Yes	W	
35. Brenda Carter	16	2d Deg.	St. John		B	LWP ¹³
36. Glen Carter	17	2d Deg.	St. Tammany		B	LWP ¹⁴
37. Shannon Cassels	17	2d Deg.	Franklin	Unk.	W	
38. Christi Cheramie	16	2d Deg.	Avoyelles		W	LWP ¹⁵

⁵ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁶ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁷ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

⁸ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

¹⁰ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

¹¹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

¹² Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

¹³ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

¹⁴ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

39. Christopher Cheramie	17	2d Deg.	Lafourche		W	LWP ¹⁶
40. Derrick Clay	17	1st Deg.	Iberia	No	B	
41. Charles Clemons	17	1st Deg.	Lincoln		B	LWP ¹⁷
42. Jermaine Coates	15	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
43. Quentin Coleman	16	2d Deg.	Terrebonne	Unk.	B	
44. Juave Collins	17	2d Deg.	EBR	Yes	B	
45. Justin Collins	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
46. Donnie Collum	15	2d Deg.	Lafourche	No	W	
47. Adam Comeaux	17	1st Deg.	Rapides		B	LWP ¹⁸
48. Dale Craig	17	1st Deg.	EBR	Yes	W	
49. Darryl Crockett	17	1st Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
50. Tevin Crockett	15	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
51. Tommy Lee Crogie	15	1st Deg.	Orleans	Unk.	B	
52. Ryan Crotwell	15	2d Deg.	E. Feliciana	No	W	
53. Shelton Cummings	17	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
54. Allen Dabney	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
55. Jermaine Davis	16	1st Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ¹⁹
56. Christopher Davis	15	2d Deg.	EBR	Yes	B	
57. Tony Delome	17	2d Deg.	Calcasieu	Yes	W	
58. Nigaragua Demery	15	2d Deg.	Caddo	No	B	
59. Troy Dugar	15	1st Deg.	Calcasieu	Yes	B	
60. Toby Dupre	16	2d Deg.	Terrebonne		W	LWP ²⁰
61. Tony Evans	15	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ²¹
62. Andre Evans	17	2d Deg.	EBR	Yes	B	
63. Michael Fasola	17	2d Deg.	St. Charles	No	W	

¹⁵ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

¹⁶ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

¹⁷ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

¹⁸ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

¹⁹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

²⁰ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

²¹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

64. Terry Fleming	16	2d Deg.	Terrebonne	Yes	B	
65. Alfred Foreman	17	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
66. Shawn Foster	15	2d Deg.	Terrebonne		W	LWP ²²
67. Vernon E. Francis	16	2d Deg.	Jefferson		B	LWP ²³
68. James Fuller	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ²⁴
69. Kunta Gable	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
70. Michael Gachot	15	2d Deg.	Avoyelles		W	LWP ²⁵
71. Alan Gaskin	17	1st Deg.	Bossier	Yes	W	
72. Albert Gibson	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	No	B	
73. Louis Gibson	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ²⁶
74. George Gillam	16	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ²⁷
75. James Gilmore	16	1st Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
76. Cory Gipson	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	No	B	
77. Willie Gipson	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ²⁸
78. Rassie Givens	16	2d Deg.	WBR	Yes	B	
79. Jessie Grace	16	2d Deg.	Jefferson	Yes	B	
80. Joseph Green	15	2d Deg.	Rapides		B	LWP ²⁹
81. Oliver Green	17	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
82. Raymond Green	16	2d Deg.	Rapides		B	LWP ³⁰
83. Clifton Greene	17	1st Deg.	Sabine		B	LWP ³¹
84. Troy Griffin	17	2d Deg.	Desoto		B	LWP ³²
85. Frank Griffin	16	2d Deg.	Tangipahoa	No	B	

²² Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

²³ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

²⁴ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

²⁵ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

²⁶ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

²⁷ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

²⁸ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

²⁹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

³⁰ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

³¹ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

³² Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

86. Jeff Haggins	17	2d Deg.	St. Martin		B	LWP ³³
87. John Hall	17	1st Deg.	Winn	No	B	
88. Clifford Hampton	17	1st Deg.	St. James	Yes	B	
89. Fabian Harper	16	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ³⁴
90. Brady Harrington	Unk.	2d Deg.	Vermillion	No	W	
91. Warren Harris	16	1st Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
92. Asahel Harvin	15	2d Deg.	Vernon		B	LWP ³⁵
93. Aaron Hauser	17	1st Deg.	Beauregard	Yes	W	
94. Gary Hebert	17	2d Deg.	Lafourche	No	W	
95. James Hebert	17	1st Deg.	Terrebonne		W	LWP ³⁶
96. Duane Henry	15	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ³⁷
97. Jonathan Hersman	17	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	W	
98. Anderson Hill	16	1st Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
99. Cedric Howard	16	1st Deg.	Rapides		B	LWP ³⁸
100. Jerome Hudson	Unk.	2d Deg.	Webster		B	LWP ³⁹
101. Donald Humble	17	1st Deg.	Plaquemines		W	LWP ⁴⁰
102. Darnell Huntley	15	1st Deg.	Plaquemines	No	B	
103. Antonio M. Jackson	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁴¹
104. Charlie Jackson	17	2d Deg.	EBR		B	LWP ⁴²
105. Montreal Jackson	16	2d Deg.	EBR	Yes	B	LWOP ⁴³
106. Wade Jackson	17	1st Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
107. Lawrence Jacobs	16	2d Deg.	Jefferson	Yes	B	

³³ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

³⁴ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

³⁵ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

³⁶ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

³⁷ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

³⁸ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

³⁹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁴⁰ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁴¹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁴² Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

⁴³ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

108.	Chaka James	17	2d Deg.	Rapides		B	LWP ⁴⁴
109.	Lance James	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁴⁵
110.	Richard James	17	2d Deg.	Terrebonne	Yes	B	
111.	Lloyd Jarrow	17	2d Deg.	St. John		B	LWP ⁴⁶
112.	Dwight Jenkins	16	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁴⁷
113.	Anthony Johnson	17	2d Deg.	EBR		B	LWOP ⁴⁸
114.	Clarence Johnson	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁴⁹
115.	Thea Johnson	17	1st Deg.	Rapides	No	W	
116.	Anthony Jones	16	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
117.	Jonathan Jones	16	2d Deg.	EBR	Yes	B	
118.	Kevin Jordan	17	1st Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
119.	Clyde Joseph	Unk.	2d Deg.	Iberville	Yes	B	
120.	Arthur Journet	16	2d Deg.	Lafayette		B	LWP ⁵⁰
121.	Audy Keith	16	2d Deg.	Caddo		W	LWP ⁵¹
122.	Mark Keller	17	2d Deg.	St. John		W	LWP ⁵²
123.	Corenza Kelly	15	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁵³
124.	Troy Keys	16	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
125.	Augustus Kimple	17	2d Deg.	Madison		B	LWP ⁵⁴
126.	Joseph Landix	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁵⁵
127.	Eric Laymon	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁵⁶

⁴⁴ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁴⁵ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁴⁶ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁴⁷ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁴⁸ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁴⁹ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

⁵⁰ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

⁵¹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁵² Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁵³ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁵⁴ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁵⁵ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

⁵⁶ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

128.	Dominic LeBouef	17	2d Deg.	Lafourche	No	NA	
129.	Gary LeRoux	16	2d Deg.	St. John		W	LWP ⁵⁷
130.	David Lightsey	16	2d Deg.	St. Mary	No	W	
131.	Scott Lingle	15	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
132.	Glenn Livas	17	1 st & 2d Deg.	Orleans	No	W	
133.	Jeffery Lively	17	2d Deg.	Ascension	No	B	
134.	Gabriel Logan	16	2d Deg.	Caddo	No	B	
135.	Derrick London	17	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	B	
136.	Leo Looney	15	2d Deg.	Ouachita	No	B	
137.	Jerrol Louis	17	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
138.	John Mack	Unk.	2d Deg.	Orleans	Unk.	B	
139.	Jameel Malik	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	W	
140.	Sheldon Manieri	17	1st Deg.	Jefferson	Yes	B	
141.	Joseph Marshall	17	1st Deg.	Orleans	Unk.	B	
142.	Randy Marshall	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		W	LWP ⁵⁸
143.	David Mathis	15	1st Deg.	EBR	Yes	B	
144.	Ivy Mathis	17	2d Deg.	Ouachita		B	LWP ⁵⁹
145.	Larry McClinton	17	1st Deg.	Rapides		B	LWP ⁶⁰
146.	Daveon McCollough	17	2d Deg.	Rapides	No	B	
147.	Troy Miller	17	1st Deg.	Orleans	Unk.	B	
148.	Freddie Mills	16	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
149.	Melvin Mingo	16	2d Deg.	Ascension	Yes	B	
150.	Henry Montgomery	17	2d Deg.	EBR		B	LWP ⁶¹
151.	Markeece Moseley	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁶²
152.	Frank Moseley	17	2d Deg.	Bossier	No	W	
153.	Roger Wayne Nash	15	2d Deg.	Rapides		B	LWP ⁶³

⁵⁷ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁵⁸ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁵⁹ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

⁶⁰ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁶¹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁶² Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

154.	Leroy Nelson	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
155.	Michael Nettles	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
156.	Ronald Olivier	16	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁶⁴
157.	Warren Palmer	17	2d Deg.	Lafourche		B	LWP ⁶⁵
158.	Toby Parfait	16	2d Deg.	Terrebonne		W	LWP ⁶⁶
159.	Barry Pascual	16	1st Deg.	Jefferson	Yes	W	
160.	William Patterson	17	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	B	
161.	Glenn Payne	15	2d Deg.	Orleans	Unk.	B	
162.	Steve Perkins	17	1st Deg.	EBR	No	B	
163.	Theodess Perow	15	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁶⁷
164.	Victor Perritt	17	1st Deg.	St. Charles	Yes	W	
165.	Jason Pilcher	15	2d Deg.	Natchitoches	Yes	W	
166.	Matthew Pineda	16	1st & 2d Deg.	Jefferson	Yes	W	
167.	Willie Plater	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁶⁸
168.	Alphonse Porter	16	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
169.	Johnny Powell	17	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
170.	James Preston	17	1st Deg.	Orleans	Unk.	B	
171.	Joseph Revader	17	2d Deg.	Jefferson	Yes	B	
172.	Ronald Reynolds	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁶⁹
173.	Anthony Richardson	16	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
174.	Edward Richardson	16	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁷⁰
175.	Byron Riley	16	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
176.	Damien Riley	15	2d Deg.	EBR	Yes	B	
177.	Lavar Riley	17	2d Deg.	EBR	Yes	B	

⁶³ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁶⁴ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁶⁵ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁶⁶ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁶⁷ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁶⁸ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁶⁹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁷⁰ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

178.	Eduardo Robinson	Unk.	1st Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
179.	Tyskie Ross	17	1st Deg.	Terrebonne		B	35 yrs. ⁷¹
180.	Jean Roux	16	1st Deg.	Cameron	No	W	
181.	Russell Rubin	15	2d Deg.	Evangeline	Yes	B	
182.	Thomas Sanders	17	2d Deg.	Calcasieu	Yes	W	
183.	Phillip Schane	16	2d Deg.	Iberia		W	LWOP ⁷²
184.	Craig Scott	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
185.	William Scott	16	1 st & 2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
186.	Timothy Shaw	17	2d Deg.	Ouachita		B	LWP ⁷³
187.	Troy Shelvin	17	2d Deg.	Lafayette	No	B	
188.	Rickey Sheppard	16	1st Deg.	Bossier	No	W	
189.	Cordell Shivers	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁷⁴
190.	Emerson Simmons	17	2d Deg.	Jefferson	Yes	W	
191.	Terrance Simon	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
192.	Mark Singer	16	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁷⁵
193.	Johnny Smead	15	1st Deg.	Bossier		W	40 yrs. ⁷⁶
194.	Bobby Smith	17	2d Deg.	Calcasieu	Yes	W	
195.	Derrick Smith	16	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
196.	Eddie Smith	17	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
197.	Henry Smith	15	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	W	
198.	Jerome Smith	16	1st Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
199.	Phillip Smith	15	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	B	
200.	Troy Sneeze	17	2d Deg.	Terrebonne	Unk.	B	
201.	Derrick Sonnier	17	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	W	
202.	Mark St. Julien	15	2d Deg.	Lafayette	Yes	B	
203.	Bart Stewart	16	1st Deg.	EBR	Yes	B	

⁷¹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁷² Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁷³ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁷⁴ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁷⁵ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁷⁶ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

204.	Kadrick Stewart	15	2d Deg.	Orleans	No	B	
205.	Keith Stewart	16	1st Deg.	Jefferson		B	LWP ⁷⁷
206.	Stanley Stirgus	16	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	B	
207.	Anthony Stokes	17	2d Deg.	Ouachita		B	LWP ⁷⁸
208.	Paul Stone	15	2d Deg.	Orleans	Unk.	B	
209.	Stevenson Strogen	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁷⁹
210.	James Sullivan	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		W	LWP ⁸⁰
211.	Charles Sumler	15	2d Deg.	Ouachita		B	LWP ⁸¹
212.	Jesse Swartz	16	1st Deg.	Union	Yes	W	
213.	Larry Sylvester	15	1st Deg.	St. Landry	No	B	
214.	Henry Talley	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
215.	Thilero Tapp	15	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
216.	Darryl Tate	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁸²
217.	Rodney Temple	16	2d Deg.	Orleans	No	B	
218.	Bobby Terrick	16	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	B	
219.	Bob Thibodeaux	15	2d Deg.	St. Mary		W	LWP ⁸³
220.	Frederick Thompson	17	1st Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁸⁴
221.	Calvin Tolbert	17	1st Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁸⁵
222.	Rodney Tolliver	17	2d Deg.	Lafayette	Yes	B	
223.	Shannon Touchet	17	2d Deg.	Lafayette	No	B	
224.	Shawn Toussaint	17	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	B	
225.	Jesse Trevathan	16	2d Deg.	Terrebonne		W	LWP ⁸⁶
226.	William Tuckson	17	2d Deg.	Jefferson	No	B	

⁷⁷ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁷⁸ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

⁷⁹ Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

⁸⁰ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁸¹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁸² Resentenced after August 1, 2017.

⁸³ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁸⁴ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁸⁵ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁸⁶ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

227.	Herman Tureau	15	2d Deg.	Orleans	No	B	
228.	Gary Tyler	16	1st Deg.	St. Charles		B	21 yrs. ⁸⁷
229.	Charles Unger	17	1st Deg.	Orleans		W	LWP ⁸⁸
230.	Terry Vince	Unk.	1st Deg.	St. Tammany	Yes	B	
231.	Tyrone Webb	17	2d Deg.	Caddo	No	B	
232.	Addarryll Wesley	16	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁸⁹
233.	Keffall Whittaker	Unk.	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
234.	Bryan Widenhouse	17	2d Deg.	Bossier	No	W	
235.	Jonathan Wieland	17	1st Deg.	Jefferson	No	W	
236.	Anthony Williams	17	2d Deg.	EBR	Yes	B	
237.	Corey Williams	16	1st Deg.	Caddo	No	B	
238.	Joshua Williams	16	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
239.	Kenny Williams	17	2d Deg.	St. Martin	No	B	
240.	Patrick Williams	17	2d Deg.	Tangipahoa	No	B	
241.	Reginald Williams	17	1st Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁹⁰
242.	Ronald Williams	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁹¹
243.	Shon Williams	17	2d Deg.	Orleans		B	LWP ⁹²
244.	Tyjuane Williams	17	1st Deg.	EBR	No	B	
245.	Willie Williams	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
246.	Aaron Wilson	17	1st Deg.	Caddo	Yes	B	
247.	Leroy Wilson	17	2d Deg.	Orleans	Yes	B	
248.	Patrick Wilson	17	2d Deg.	EBR	No	B	
249.	Terrance Winn	16	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁹³
250.	Joza Wise	17	2d Deg.	Caddo		B	LWP ⁹⁴

⁸⁷ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁸⁸ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁸⁹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁹⁰ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁹¹ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁹² Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁹³ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

⁹⁴ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.

251.	Rontrell Wise	16	2d Deg.	Assumption	Yes	B	
252.	Connor Wood	15	2d Deg.	Concordia	Yes	W	
253.	Joseph Woods	15	1st & 2d Deg.	WBR	Yes	B	
254.	Joe Wyatt	17	1st Deg.	Ouachita	Yes	B	
255.	Chad Young	17	2d Deg.	St. Landry		W	32 yrs. ⁹⁵
256.	Dwaine Young	17	2d Deg.	Rapides	No	B	
257.	Sean Young	17	1st Deg.	EBR	No	B	
258.	Troy Young	17	2d Deg.	Lafourche	No	B	

⁹⁵ Resentenced prior to August 1, 2017.