

FUTURE INTERRUPTED

How Juvenile Records Disproportionately Affect Youth of Color

Two thirds of incarcerated youth are youth of color.



Records are often used to screen applications. Having a juvenile record can prevent a young person from...

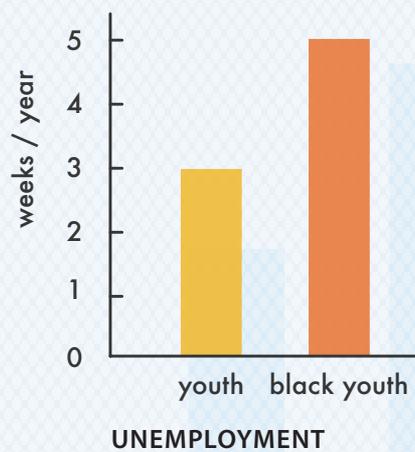


Youth of color are **40% more likely** than whites to experience negative effects of having a juvenile record.

The U.S. Department of Justice found that individuals, particularly **Black and Latinos, who had a record "encountered significant barriers to secure housing,** including public and other federally-subsidized housing."



Youth incarceration has negative effects on adult employment. On average, youth who spent time in juvenile facilities were unemployed for 3 weeks per year, but black youth were unemployed for 5 weeks per year.



Youth of color who have a juvenile record are more likely to be **denied admission** to college.



REFERENCES

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